### Logical relations for CBPV models, via internal fibrations in a 2-category LICS 2025, Singapore These slides available at philipsaville.co.uk

Pedro H. Azevedo de Amorim (University of Oxford, UK) Satoshi Kura (Waseda University, Japan) Philip Saville (University of Sussex, UK)

# the first complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

# the first complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

#### Levy's call-by-push-value

2025 Alonzo Church prize winner!

= an effectful language with fine control over when effects happen

subsumes both CBV and CBN

# the first complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

a classic proof technique for logics and programming languages

"operational": termination, normalisation, ...

"denotational": definability, simulation, ...

= characterising the definable morphisms in a model = how is  $\llbracket P \rrbracket^{\mathscr{M}}$ related to  $\llbracket P \rrbracket^{\mathscr{N}}$ ?

#### Levy's call-by-push-value

2025 Alonzo Church prize winner!

= an effectful language with fine control over when effects happen

subsumes both CBV and CBN

# the first complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

a classic proof technique for logics and programming languages

"operational": termination, normalisation, ...

"denotational": definability, simulation, ...

= characterising the definable morphisms in a model = how is  $\llbracket P \rrbracket^{\mathscr{M}}$ related to  $\llbracket P \rrbracket^{\mathscr{N}}$ ?

#### logical relations as a way to build denotational models

related work: Kammar (2014), McDermott (2020), ...

other approaches: Levy (2012), Goncharov—Tsampas—Urbat (2025), ...

#### Levy's call-by-push-value

2025 Alonzo Church prize winner!

= an effectful language with fine control over when effects happen

subsumes both CBV and CBN

### What you get

1. Principled definition of relations models for CBPV 2. Lots of applications and examples, via a lifting theorem eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, syntactic definition, Lafont argument, ...

#### 3. General theory encompassing STLC, $\lambda_{ml}$ and CBPV

simply-typed  $\lambda$ -calculus

### LOGICAL Relations (in their simplest form) Milner, Plotkin, ....

#### A logical relation R consists of:

...determined inductively at higher types by a logical relations condition

### a predicate $R_A \subseteq [A]$ for each type A...

### LOGICAl relations (in their simplest form) Milner, Plotkin, ....

#### A logical relation R consists of:

a logical relations condition

Eq. logical relations condition for  $\rightarrow$  in STLC:  $f \in R_{A \to B} \subseteq [[A] \Rightarrow [[B]]$  iff  $f(x) \in R_B$  whenever  $x \in R_A$ 

#### a predicate $R_A \subseteq [A]$ for each type A...

# ...determined inductively at higher types by

### LOGICAL Relations (in their simplest form) Milner, Plotkin, ....

#### A logical relation R consists of:

...determined inductively at higher types by a logical relations condition

Basic Lemma:

#### a predicate $R_A \subseteq [[A]]$ for each type A...

### every program is in the relation: $\llbracket P \rrbracket \in R_A$ for any closed P : A

so long as this holds for the basic constants



semantic model



#### objects: $(X \in \mathbf{Set}, R \subseteq X)$ maps: functions preserving the predicate

semantic model

### Pred

p Set

Pred

*p* 

Set

#### objects: $(X \in \mathbf{Set}, R \subseteq X)$ maps: functions preserving the predicate

semantic model

Pred is cartesian closed:

$$(X, R) \Rightarrow (Y, S) := (X \Rightarrow Y, R \supset S)$$
  
 $f \in R \supset S$  iff  $f(x) \in S$  whenever  $x \in S$ 

 $f \in \llbracket A \to B \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Pred}}$  iff f preserves the predicate on  $\llbracket A \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Set}}$ 



Pred

p

Set

#### objects: $(X \in \mathbf{Set}, R \subseteq X)$ maps: functions preserving the predicate

semantic model

Pred is cartesian closed:

 $(X, R) \Rightarrow (Y, S) := (X \Rightarrow Y, R \supset S)$  $f \in R \supset S \quad \text{iff} \quad f(x) \in S \text{ whenever } x \in R$ 

 $f \in \llbracket A \to B \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Pred}}$  iff f preserves the predicate on  $\llbracket A \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Set}}$ 

CC-structure encodes the logical relations condition!



Pred

p

Set

objects:  $(X \in \mathbf{Set}, R \subseteq X)$ maps: functions preserving the predicate

> forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves CC-structure

> > semantic model

Pred is cartesian closed:

 $(X, R) \Rightarrow (Y, S) := (X \Rightarrow Y, R \supset S)$  $f \in R \supset S$  iff  $f(x) \in S$  whenever  $x \in R$ 

 $f \in \llbracket A \to B \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Pred}}$  iff f preserves the predicate on  $\llbracket A \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Set}}$ 

CC-structure encodes the logical relations condition!



Pred

*p* 

Set

objects:  $(X \in \mathbf{Set}, R \subseteq X)$ maps: functions preserving the predicate

> forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves CC-structure

> > semantic model

Basic Lemma holds automatically:

 $p(\llbracket P \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Pred}}) = \llbracket P \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Set}}$ 

Pred is cartesian closed:

 $(X, R) \Rightarrow (Y, S) := (X \Rightarrow Y, R \supset S)$  $f \in R \supset S$  iff  $f(x) \in S$  whenever  $x \in R$ 

 $f \in \llbracket A \to B \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Pred}}$  iff f preserves the predicate on  $\llbracket A \rrbracket^{\operatorname{Set}}$ 

CC-structure encodes the logical relations condition!



#### Logical relations = relations models Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

#### Logical relations = relations models Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....



semantic model

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

model-structure encodes the logical relations condition!

p

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model

Basic Lemma holds automatically:



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

model-structure encodes the logical relations condition!

p

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model

Basic Lemma holds automatically:



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

model-structure encodes the logical relations condition!

'relations' = p is a fibration

p

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model

**Basic Lemma holds automatically:** 



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

model-structure encodes the logical relations condition!

'relations' = p is a fibration



### Logical relations = fibrations for logical relations

p

'relations model'

forgetful functor *p* strictly preserves model-structure

semantic model

**Basic Lemma holds automatically:** 



Hermida, Jacobs, Katsumata, ....

model-structure encodes the logical relations condition!

'relations' = p is a fibration



# Logical relations $\simeq$ relations models $\cong$ fibrations for logical relations



eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...



eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...

semantic model







eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...

semantic model

#### fibration for logical relations: fibration strictly preserving model structure





#### abstract notion of 'relation'

ie. p a fibration for logical relations





eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...

semantic model

#### fibration for logical relations: fibration strictly preserving model structure



#### abstract notion of 'relation' ie. p a fibration for

logical relations

weak map of models





eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...

#### lifting theorem: universal choice of model 'glueing' objects of $\mathcal{M}$ to 'relations' in $\mathscr{E}$

semantic model

#### fibration for logical relations: fibration strictly preserving model structure



abstract notion of 'relation' ie. *p* a fibration for

logical relations

weak map of models





eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, Kripke relations of varying arity, ...

#### lifting theorem:

universal choice of model 'glueing' objects of  $\mathscr{M}$  to 'relations' in  $\mathscr{E}$ 



#### fibration for logical relations: fibration strictly preserving model structure



#### abstract notion of 'relation' ie. p a fibration for

logical relations

weak map of models





simply-typed  $\lambda$ -calculus

#### computational This works for STLC and $\lambda_{m1}$ and $\lambda_{c}$ $\lambda$ -calculus eg. Katsumata, McDermott–Kammar, Goubault-Larrecq et al, ...

simply-typed λ-calculus

# This works for STLC and $\lambda_{ml}$ and $\lambda_c$ $\lambda_{c}$ $\lambda_{c}$ computational $\lambda_{ml}$ and $\lambda_c$ $\lambda_{c}$ calculus

simply-typed  $\lambda$ -calculus

#### This works for STLC and $\lambda_{m1}$ and $\lambda_{c}$ computational $\lambda$ -calculus ...but not obvious for CBPV

Why? semantic models are more subtle: uses enriched categories want to say 'fibration preserving model structure', but what is the right notion of fibration?

### What we do:

#### turn to 2-category theory = a language for structures on categories

#### What we do: turn to 2-category theory = a language for structures on categories

Existing fibrations for logical relations = fibrations internal to 2-categories of models

#### What we do: turn to 2-category theory = a language for structures on categories

Existing fibrations for logical relations = fibrations internal to 2-categories of models

Construct a 2-category of CBPV models → fibration for logical relations := fibrations internal to this → key examples from the general theory eg. subobject, codomain, ...

# What we do:

- Existing fibrations for logical relations = fibrations internal to 2-categories of models
- Construct a 2-category of CBPV models

turn to 2-category theory = a language for structures on categories

 $\rightarrow$  fibration for logical relations := fibrations internal to this  $\rightarrow$  key examples from the general theory eg. subobject, codomain, ...

Prove a lifting theorem encompassing STLC,  $\lambda_{m1}$  and CBPV

# What we do:

- Existing fibrations for logical relations = fibrations internal to 2-categories of models
- Construct a 2-category of CBPV models

turn to 2-category theory = a language for structures on categories

 $\rightarrow$  fibration for logical relations := fibrations internal to this  $\rightarrow$  key examples from the general theory eg. subobject, codomain, ...

Prove a lifting theorem encompassing STLC,  $\lambda_{m1}$  and CBPV



#### turn to 2-category theory What we do: = a language for structures on categories

- Existing fibrations for logical relations = fibrations internal to 2-categories of models
- Construct a 2-category of CBPV models
- Get many new CBPV models eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, syntactic defn, conservativity,...

 $\rightarrow$  fibration for logical relations := fibrations internal to this  $\rightarrow$  key examples from the general theory eg. subobject, codomain, ...

Prove a lifting theorem encompassing STLC,  $\lambda_{m1}$  and CBPV



# A complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

### A complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

1. Principled definition of relations models for CBPV

- 2. Lots of applications and examples, via a lifting theorem eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, syntactic definition, Lafont argument, ...

### 3. General theory encompassing STLC, $\lambda_{m1}$ and CBPV

simply-typed  $\lambda$ -calculus

### A complete denotational account of logical relations for CBPV

1. Principled definition of relations models for CBPV

email me: p.saville@sussex.ac.uk arxiv link: 10.48550/arXiv.2505.14482 these slides available at philipsaville.co.uk

- 2. Lots of applications and examples, via a lifting theorem eg. effect simulation, TT-lifting, syntactic definition, Lafont argument, ...

### 3. General theory encompassing STLC, $\lambda_{m1}$ and CBPV

simply-typed  $\lambda$ -calculus

